



Reception Curriculum Overview 2023-2024

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic driver	Autumn time	Celebrations	Transport	animal habitats	In the garden	Travel (Holidays)
Outdoor topic driver (see outdoor overview)	Natural elements	Maps and places	weather	Nature	Change and growth	Forces and movement
Possible enrichment activities	Bat lady visit Planetarium	Church visit Christmas card post walk Local walk with maps	Whistle stop train ride Local garden Ice skating Story bus	Zoolab/ tropical world visit	Garden walk	The school farm visit
Literacy Love to read text	TFW - The leaf thief	TFW- The little glow	TFW - You can't put an Elephant on the bus	TFW- Handa's surprise	TFW - Jack and the beanstalk	TFW- Emma janes aeroplane/ Granny goes to market
Literacy text and focus	Labels and captions Leaf labels	Jolly postman Letter writing Letters to santa	Diary/recount Recount of school trip	Information text Animal factfile	Bloom Instructional text How to plant a seed	Persuasive text - why you should travel to
Core texts	superpotato Room on the broom Whatever next Day monkey night monkey Owl babies	The best Diwali ever The little firework Little glow Elves and the shoe maker The jolly postman Christmas story	Geronimo Dragon post Dinosaur stomp Snow/cold places non fiction books	The koalo who could The story of the easter bunny Oi frog Old lady who swallowed a fly Handa's surprise The tiger who came to tea Rosies walk Six dinner sid I want a pet	You can't put an elephant in a bus Street through time	My granny went to the market Mrs armitage Mr Gumpys outing

Isangage To understand how is listen carefully O engage in story image is noty image is noty image is not in with and join in with and what guestions in the pape is not inderstand is not inderstand in the pape is not inderstand is nothereastand is not inderstand is not inderstan	Communication and						
their teacher and peers.group, class and one-to- one discussions, offering their own ideas, usingnon-fiction, rhymes and poems whenmaking use of conjunctions, withtheir own ideas, usingappropriate.modelling and support	language Listening attention and	listen carefully To understand why listening is important To be able to dollow directions Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group	and join in with repeated refrains To begin to understand how and why questions To respond to instructions with more than one step Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Develop social phrases Engage in story times. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and- forth exchanges with	out more To begin to understand humour To understand a range of complex sentence structures Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well- formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected nonfiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Participate in small group, class and one-to- one discussions, offering	To tell a story without props To sequence a story or event correctly To answer how and why questions with plausible answers Describe events in some detail Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities explain how things work and why they might happen. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when	 questions with who what where when why how Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with 	converstions with audlts and peers with back and forth exchanges Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support

			feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.			
speaking	To begin to share ideas and talk infront of a small group. To talk to teachers about interests and events Begin to describe events Learn new vocabulary Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions.	To answer questions and speak in fornt of the whole class /bigger groups To use new vocabulary learnt throughout the day (word of the week) Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. To develop social phrases To Engage in story times. To make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.	To start conversations with Teachers and children To talk to connect one idea in a sentence beginning to use conjuctions such as and because Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well- formed sentences. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected nonfiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Participate in small group, class and one-to- one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.	To describe events in some detail Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking. Use language to explain how things work and why they might happen. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Connect one idea or action to another when talking using a range of connectives. Make use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.	Retell the story once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses

Phonics		with support when engaged in back-and- forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.	Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.	Phase 3:		
FIIONICS	Phase 2: s, a, t, p, i, n, m, d, g, o, c, k, ck, e <u>Tricky words:</u> I, no, the, to, go, into, Extra words a, an, as, at, if, is	Phase 2/3; r, u, h, b, f, ff, l, ll, ss, j, v, w, x <u>Tricky words:</u> l, no, the, to, go, into, He we, she, Extra words in, is, it, off, on, can, dad, mum, but, put,	y, z, zz, qu, ch, sh, th, ng, nk, ai, ee, igh, oa <u>Tricky words:</u> He, we, me, my, be, you, are, here was, all, they, Extra words will, that, this, then them,	Phase 3: or, oo/oo, ar, ur, ow, oi, ear, air, ure, er <u>Tricky words:</u> He, we, me, my, be, you, are, here was, all, they, <u>Extra words</u> will, that, this, then them,	Phase 4: st, nd,mp,nt, nk,ft,sk,lt, lp,lf,lk,pt, xt, tr,dr,gr <u>Tricky words:</u> said, have, like, so, when, do, some, come, little, out, one, were, there, what	Phase 4: cr,br,fr,bl, fl,gl,pl,cl, sl,sp, st,tw <u>Tricky words:</u> said, have, like, so, when, do, some, come, little, out, one, were, there, what
Literacy Word Reading	Rhyming initial letter games. Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them. Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet.	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences. Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet Read words consistent	Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them. Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.	Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending. Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound- blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

		with their phonic knowledge by sound- blending.	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound- blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	and their understanding and enjoyment. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	with their phonic knowledge by sound- blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	
Literacy Comprehension	To use pictures to tell stories To independently look at book, holding them the correct way and turning pages	To engage with stories times including repeated refrains To begin to sequence familiar stories and events To begin to answer questions about the stories read to them To enjoy and increasing range of books including fiction, non- fiction, poems and rhymes	To act out simple stories To begin to predict what might happen next in the story To suggest how the story might end	To retell a story To follow a story without pictures or props To talk about the characters in the books	To begin to answer questions about what they have read. To use vocabulary that is influenced by their experience of books. Retrieve information that has been read to them from non fiction books	To answer questions about what they have read and what others have read to them To know information can be retrieved from books
Literacy Word writing For more information please see KSS early writing progression document	Imitate the act of writing develop am understanding of directionality To copy their name	Independently write their name Begin to use the correct letter formation of taught letters Understand that words are made up of letters which are a collection of	To form lower- case letters correctly Be able to identify each sound in a cvc words and write corresponding letters To spell words using taught sounds	To begin to write sentences using fingers spaces To understand that sentences start with a capital letter and end with a full stop To understand the use	Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others. Re reads sentences to make sure it makes sense Form lower-case and capital letters correctly.	Can use a variety of writing structures. Writes for purpose and independently. Writing can be read by others To consistently use finger spaces in their writing.

	To give meanings to the marks they make To copy letters from their environment Develop understanding that there is a link between the shape of a letter and sound (GPC) To copy taught letters To write initial sounds To begin to write CVC words using taught sounds	different shapes To write words and labels using taught sounds To begin to write captions using taught sounds	To attempt to write a simple phrase or caption To spell some taught tricky words correctly	of finger spaces and begin to use these. Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others	To use full stops and capital letters in their writing To use finger spaces in their writing Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.	Writing contains some full stops and capital letters at the beginning on a sentence.
Maths White rose overview	"Getting to know you" Compare amounts Compare size, mass & capacity Exploring pattern	'Just like me' '1,2,3" light and dark" C Comparing 1, 2 & 3 One more or less Circles and triangles Positional language Shapes with 4 sides Time	Alive in 5" "Growing 6,7 and 8" Comparing numbers Composition of 4 & 5, 6 7 and 8 Combining two amounts Compare mass Compare capacity Making pairs To use Length & height Time	"Building 9 and 10" "Consolidation" Comparing numbers to 10 Bonds to 10 3-D shapes Spatial awareness Patterns	To 20 and beyond" "first next now" Count patterns beyond 10 Spatial reasoning 1 Match, rotate, manipulate Taking away Spatial reasoning 2 Compose and decompose	Find my pattern" WR "On the move" Sharing & grouping Even & odd Spatial reasoning 3 Visualise and build Patterns & relationships Spatial mapping (4) Mapping
Number	On entry baseline assessment	To recognise numbers 1-3 To explore Composition of 1, 2 & 3	To recognise numbers upto 5 and 67 and 8 To explore the Composition of 4 5 6 7 8	To recognise numbers upto 10 To explore composition of 9 and 10 To know addition facts	To recognize number 0-20 To revise number bonds to 5 To explore how to make numbers above 10 using	To solve simple number problems To recall number bonds to 10. To recap the

		To begin to subitise to 3 To find one more and one less within numbers to 3	To subitise to 5 To find one more and one less within numbers to 8	to make 5 To find one more of numbers to 10 To find one less of numbers to 10 To estimate a number of objects	10s and 1s To match number to quantity	composition of numbers to 10. To know addition and subtraction facts to 10 To know doubling facts to 10.
Numerical patterns		To say which group has more To say which group has less To compare quantities to 3 To count to 5 Naming shapes and talking about their properties	To compare quantities to 5 To compare equal and unequal groups To count to 10 To count to 15 To count objects to 10 To compare quantities to 8 To begin to understand the different between odd and even numbers up to 8 To combine two groups of objects	To count to 20 To compare quantities to 10 To explore odd and even numbers To order numbers to 10 To count back from 10 To combine two groups of objects To take away objects and count how many are left To find the missing number	To add numbers To subtract numbers To find the missing number To order numbers to 20 To order numbers e.g. 13, 15, 19 To find the missing number in an addition and subtraction sentence problems	To count to 30 and beginning to count higher (100). To know that 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 are odd To know that 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 are even To double numbers up to 10 To find half of numbers up to 10 To share quantities equally To combine groups of 2s, 5s and 10s
Space shape and measure	To match objects To sort objects To compare capacity, length, height, size. To finish a repeating	To recognise and name square and rectangle To recognise 5p To recognise 4 o'clock and 5 o'clock	To order the days of the week To measure height	To recognise 9 o'clock and 10 o'clock To recognise 10p	To measure capacity To describe the	To add money To recognise the time to o'clock To finish a repeating pattern

Personal social and	pattern of 2 objects or colours To recognise and name circle and triangle To recognise 1p and 2p To recognise 1 o'clock, 2 o'clock and 3 o'clock		using cubes To measure time To recognise 6 o'clock, 7 o'clock and 8 o'clock To begin to name 3D shapes To explore the properties of 3D shapes	To begin to name 3D shapes To explore the properties of 3D shapes	properties of 3D shapes To make pictures with shape arrangements	To make patterns using shapes To name and describe 2D and 3D shapes
emotional	<mark>Meesha makes friends</mark>	<mark>Tilda tries again</mark>	Ravis Roar	<mark>Ruby's worry</mark>	Perfectly Norman	<mark>Milo's monster</mark>
Half termly theme PSE Self regulation	To talk about different emotions To understand how people show emotions To focus during short whole class activities To follow one- step instructions	To talk about how they are feeling To identify different emotions To begin to understand how people show emotions To recognise the feelings of others	To adapt their behaviour in arrange of situations To follow two step instructions To join in with whole class activities To explain the zones of regulation	To identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally To consider the feelings and needs of others To confidently explain and use the zones of regulation	To control their emotions using a range of techniques (zones of reg) To set a target and reflect on this Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity,	To maintain focus in whole class activities To teach others about the zones of regulation and how to help. To show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.
PSE Managing self	To see themselves as a valuable individual. To wash hands independently To put coat and socks on independently To get changed for with support	To develop class rules and understand the need to have rules To put P.E kit on independently To have confidence to try new activities	To begin to show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge To practise doing up a zipper To practise doing buttons To practise doing up buckles	To develop independence when dressing and undressing for activities such as P.E and Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: e.g excersise toothbrushing screen	To identify and name healthy foods To manage own basic needs independently	To understand the importance of healthy food choices To show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge To show a 'can do' attitude being a safe pedestrian.

	To explore different areas within the Year R environment	Manage own basic hygiene and personal needs.	Manage own basic hygiene and personal needs	time		
PSE Building relationships	Begins to build constructive and respectful relationships. To seek support of adults when needed To gain confidence to speak to peers and adults	To begin to work as a group with support Give focused attention to what the teacher say. To play with children who are playing with the same activity To begin to develop friendships	Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. To use taught strategies to support turn taking	To work as a group To listen to the ideas of other children and agree on a solution and compromise	To begin to develop relationships with other adults around the school	To have confidence to communicate With adults around the school To have strong friendships
		To have positive relationships with all Year R staff				
Physical Development	To use a dominant hand	To begin to use anticlockwise movement and	To use a tripod grip when using mark making tools	To hold scissors correctly and cut out large shapes	To hold scissors correctly and cut out small shapes	To hold scissors correctly and cut various materials
Fine motor	To mark make using different shapes To begin to use a tripod grip when using mark making tools To use tweezer to transfer objects To thread large beads To use large pegs	retrace vertical lines To hold scissors correctly and cut along a straight and zigzagged lines To use a tripod grip when using mark making tools To accurately draw lines, circles and shapes to draw pictures	To hold scissors correctly and cut along a curved line To thread small beads To use small pegs To begin to write taught letters using correct formation	To write letters using the correct letter formation and begin to control the size of letters	To copy letters using a lead in and lead out To paint using thinner paintbrushes	To create drawings with details To copy letters using a lead in and lead out To independently use a knife, fork and spoon to eat a range of meals
	To begin to copy letters	To write taught letters using correct formation				Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and

	To begin to hold scissors correctly and					efficient.
PE focus:	Introductory skills	Ball skills	Fundamental movement	Introduction to games	Dance	gymnastics sports day
Gross motor	To move safely in a space To stop safely To develop control when using equipment To follow a path and take turns To work co- operatively with a partner Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene	To roll and track a ball To develop accuracy when throwing to a target To dribble using hands To throw and catch with a partner To dribble a ball using feet To dribble a ball using feet To kick a ball to a target To develop ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities	To run and stop To balance To change direction To jump To hop To explore different ways to travel using equipment Refine movement skills : rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing.	To follow instructions and move safely when playing tagging games To learn to play against an opponent To play by the rules and develop coordination	Combine different movements with ease and fluency To gain confidence and imagination, communicating ideas through movement To explore movement using a prop with control and co- ordination To move with control and co- ordination, expressing ideas	Safely use apparatus Create shapes with your body To jump and land safely from a height To develop taking weight on different body parts To develop rocking and rolling To copy and create shoert sequences by linking actions together To explore traveling around, over and through apparatus

	that involve a ball.			
			To explore striking a ball	

Understanding the world The natural world People culture and communities Past and present Computing is used to enhance the EYFS throughout the year. Opportunities are: using the computer to create art, photography, bee bots (floor turtle), using the interactive smart board, using calculators	Talk about members of their immediate family, family history and community. Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Know some similarities and differences between in the past and now. Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Important changes and Seasons Seasonal changes Animals & plant	Christmas traditions around the world Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Explore the natural world around them., making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Understand the important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including seasons and changing states of matter.	Frozen Topic: Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which they live. Similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. (transport from the past)	Similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments Understand the important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including seasons and changing states of matter. Explain similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Draw information from a simple map.	Explore the natural world around them. Draw information from a simple map. Field Work- Local Area, houses and Kirkstall Abbey Understand that some places are special to members of their community. Describe immediate environments Similarities and difference between different religious and cultural communities.	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. Explain similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Draw information from a simple map.
	observations	Materials	water	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Seasonal changes

a A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.	Emergency services exist and what they do. To know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class inuit people in the past ice age	To know about the past through settings characters and events encountered in books read in class Pets from the past dinosaurs Focus h term: Dinosaurs	To know about the past through settings characters and events encountered in books read in class Trains and vehicles from the past	Name different type of jobs and roles in the community (when I grow up assembly)
--	--	--	---	--	--

People, culture and communitiesTo know about family structures and talk about who is part of their familyTo identify similarities and differences between themselves and peers.To talk about how Hindus celebr Diwali (RE)To know the name of the village the school is in.To talk about the Christmas Story ar how it is celebrateTo know the name of the immediate environment.To know that there are many countries around the world.	To understand maps of the local areas To look at the keys on a simple map d d to follo	w that Christians ate Easter (RE) cribe immediate nment and look at ities difference to places. ow a simple map about the globe orld map They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. Understand that some places are special to members of their community. (RE)	To know people in other countries speak different languages (simple phrases) To talk about and explain the world map To create their own simple map
---	--	--	---

glowin ruit and vegetables them. bescribe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. important processes and changes in the natural world including states of matter (freezing) To know that some things in the world are man-made and some things are notturnal To know that some things are notturnal To make observational drawings on plants animals and plants Push pull forces Floating and sinking To make observational drawings of animals and plants To make observational drawings of animals and plants To make observational drawings of animals and plants theme observational drawings of animals and plants	f ants iy d talk
Autumn leaves animalsJoiningDesigning and makingRespond to Music andDesigning and makingRespond to MusicExpressive Arts andResponding to MusicChristmas crafts-for a purpose- mothersSongs Animal Songs,for a purpose- father'sSongs	sic and
design and Songs Instruments Designing and making day Instruments and Music day Seaside Son	ngs,
and Music for a purpose- Dot line circle people Respond to Music and Instruments and	d Music
Responding to Music Create collaboratively Songs.	
Being imaginative and Develop storylines in Christmas songs and and Songs sharing ideas, resources, songs, Instruments and Watch and talk	
expressive their pretend play. instruments Ourselves Songs and and skills. Music dance and performance art our pression	
Painting coultring printing sing in a group or on liston attentively move feelings and rec	-
Painting, sculpting, printing sing in a group or on Listen attentively, move feelings and res crafting, printing, and their own increasingly, return to and build on Dainting to and talk about music	ponses
crafting, printing and their own, increasingly return to and build on Painting to and talk about music,	ciccore
collage throughout thematching the pitch andtheir previous learning,Artists workexpressing their feelingsPainting with syearAndy wharhole -printingfollowing the melody.refining ideas andArtists workexpressing their feelingsPainting with s	

		Artist: van gogh – painting starry night	developing their ability to represent them collage Artist: polluck – splat painting)	Artist : Matisse (Goldfish painting)	Model making Artist: Kalinsky – circle movement painting)	
Creating with materials	To name colours To experiment with mixing colours To create simple representations of people and objects To draw and colour with pencils and crayons To role play using given props and costumes To explore different techniques for joining materials (Glue Stick) To know how to work safely and hygienically To use non statutory measures (spoons, cups) To use some cooking techniques (spreading, cutting) – Sandwiches	To use colours for a particular purpose To share their creations To explore different techniques for joining materials (Glue Stick, PVA) To know how to work safely and hygienically To use non statutory measures (spoons, cups) To use some cooking techniques (spreading, cutting, threading, coring) – Sandwiches, Fruit Kebab	To experiment with different mark making tools such as art pencils, pastels, chalk To explore different techniques for joining materials (Glue Stick, PVA, Masking Tape, Tape) To know how to work safely and hygienically To use non statutory measures (spoons, cups) To use some cooking techniques (spreading, cutting, threading, coring, mixing) Sandwiches, Fruit Kebab, Biscuits	To use natural objects to make a piece of art To share creations and talk about the process To make props and costumes for different role play scenarios To know how to work safely and hygienically To use non statutory measures (spoons, cups) To use some cooking techniques (spreading, cutting, threading, coring, mixing, grating) Sandwiches,	To know which prime colours you mix together to make secondary colours To plan what they are going to make (cooking, wood work, construction, junk modelling) To draw more detailed pictures of people and objects To explore different techniques for joining materials (Glue Stick, PVA, Masking Tape, Tape, Split Pins) To manipulate materials To create observational drawings To know how to work safely and hygienically To use non statutory measures (spoons, cups) To use some cooking techniques (spreading, cutting, threading, coring, mixing, grating	To know some similarities and differences between materials To learn about and compare artists (Janet Bell and Henri Matisse) To explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feeling To share creations, talk about process and evaluate their work To adapt work where necessary

patte pero costum	ke or dislike a piece of music o create musical tterns using body ercussion To use imes and resources act out narratives	shape of familiar songs To begin to build up a repertoire of songs To sing entire songs To use costumes and resources to act out	To begin to create costumes and resources for role play	and stories To create costumes and resources for role play	To follow a musical pattern to play tuned instruments To create narratives based around stores	To create own compositions using tuned instruments To invent their won narratives, making costumes and resources
DE Deing e	r an a sial, where do	narratives	Why is the word (Cod)	Factor and why is there	Which places are special	Our Dooutiful World
RE Being s we belo	special: where do elong?	Christmas and why is Christmas special to Christians?	Why is the word 'God' so important?	Easter and why is there a cross in the Easter garden?	Which places are special and why?	Our Beautiful World