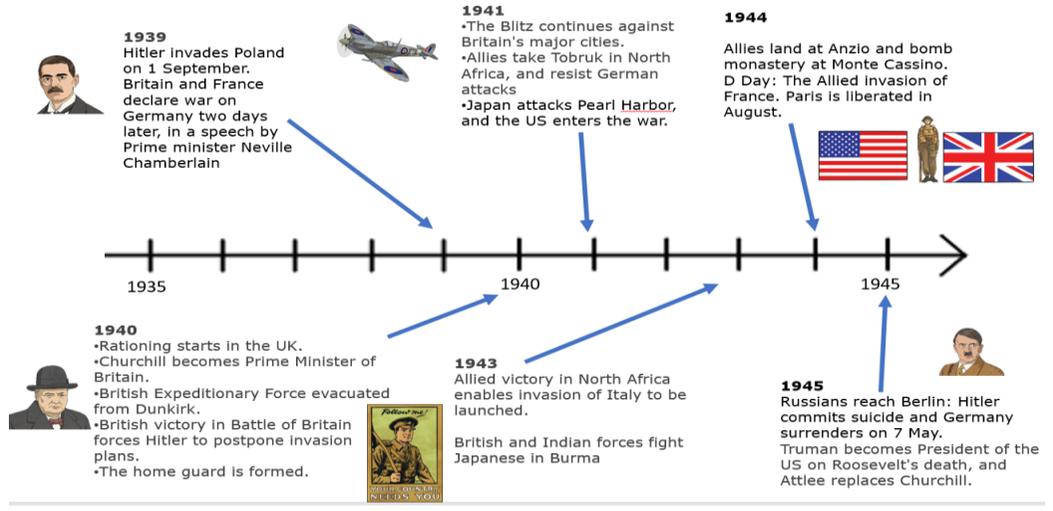




Key Vocabulary	
Propaganda	Information designed to promote a political idea or opinion.
Parliament	Debates, makes laws, checks and challenges the work of the government.
Sacrifice	To give up (something) especially for the sake of something or someone else. For example: 'They sacrificed their lives for their country'.
Diversity	Diversity means that there are lots of different kinds of things. Just as there are lots of different makes of cars, bikes, balls or just about anything you can think of, so there is diversity among people.
Major influence	To have an influence on people or situations means to affect what they do or what happens

- Powerful knowledge**
- Events that led from WW1 to WW2 – Germany defeated in WW1, the Great Depression, Adolf Hitler became leader of the Nazi party in Germany, Adolf Hitler begins to take land back and occupied Austria and Czech-Slovakia, Hitler invaded Poland in 1939, Britain gave Hitler an 'ultimatum', Britain went to war with Germany.
 - Winston Churchill was British Prime Minister from 1940-1945. Parliament was responsible for passing laws that allowed the government to call up citizens to joined the armed forces, ration food and evacuate children out of harm's way when the bombs began to fall.
 - Leeds – On 1 September 1939, 18,250 children from Leeds travelled on 51 special trains, with 1,450 teachers and 1,350 volunteer helpers. 200 schools took part in the evacuations. Throughout the Second World War 77 Leeds people were killed and 197 buildings were destroyed with 7,623 damaged, and repaired, in nine raids and 87 air-raid alerts. Over 100,000 Leeds men and 10,000 Leeds women had joined the army by September 1945. There were two prisoner of war camps in Leeds. No 244 on Butcher Hill, West Park and No 91 on Post Hill at Farnley.
 - Nearly two million children were evacuated from their homes at the start of WW2;

What I should already know
○ The impact of the Industrial Revolution on Leeds.
Learning Journey
○ To know about the series of events that led from WW1 to WW2 and place them on a scaled timeline.
○ To understand the UK Parliament's role in WW2.
○ To understand life on the home front in Leeds.
○ To understand how WW2 affected children in Leeds.
○ To use a range of sources to investigate how Leeds supported the war effort.
NC coverage
○ A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066.
○ A local history study.



BRITAIN DECLARES WAR
GERMANY FAILS TO REPLY TO OUR ULTIMATUM

PREMIER TELLS THE NATION
"I Am Certain That The Right Will Prevail"
HITLER'S MIND MADE UP

BRITAIN IS AT WAR WITH GERMANY. NO REPLY TO OUR ULTIMATUM HAVING BEEN RECEIVED BY 11 A.M.

Premier in a broadcast to the nation at 11.15 said: "We are at war with Germany. No undertaking has been received from Germany."
Prime Minister said: "Now may God bless you all. May we defend the right. It is our things that we are fighting against: brute force, bad faith, injustice, oppression, and persecution, and against them I am certain that the right will prevail."
"You can imagine what a bitter blow it is to me that all my long struggle to win peace has failed."
"Yet I cannot believe that there is anything more or anything different that I could have done and that would have been more successful."
"Up to the very last it would have been quite possible to have arranged a peaceful

THE PREMIER'S DISCLOSURE
Delayed German Reply Due to Peace Plan?

Battle Continues Along The Frontier

